

The role of IP in a new post crisis world: Challenges of the IP system

Q&A

May 8th, 2020.

Fide | TIPSA

*"Pregunta" means "Question".

Moderador

4:52 PM

90

Welcome to the First Global Digital Encounter !!!

Pregunta de Virginia

Virginia

5:04 PM

27

thank you for organising this event

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:11 PM

thank you so much to be present

Pregunta de Moisés R

Moisés R

5:10 PM

4

Hello to everyone

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

5:10 PM

3

Buenas tardes

Pregunta de Isabella Pimentel

Isabella Pimentel

5:10 PM

7

Hello from Rio!

Pregunta de Simona-Inés Nătescu

Simona-Inés Nătescu

5:11 PM

6

Good afternoon to everyone from Rome, Italy, and a big thank to the organizers!

Pregunta de Moderador

Moderador

5:13 PM

5

Please send you questions, do not hesitate

Pregunta de Devir B.

Devir B.

5:20 PM

4

Hello from Israel !

Pregunta de Moisés R

Moisés R

5:20 PM

2

Hello from Perú

Pregunta de Carlos Luna

Carlos Luna

5:20 PM

2

Thank you all!

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

5:20 PM

3

Hi to everybody, Cristina from Milan (Italy)

Pregunta de Emil Edissoov

Emil Edissoov

5:20 PM

4

Greetings from sunny Barcelona

Pregunta de Tamar Khuchua

Tamar Khuchua

5:20 PM

4

Greetings from Strasbourg! And thank you for organising this event!

Pregunta de Haris Hasić

Haris Hasić

5:20 PM

2

Hello from Bosnia and Herzegovina!

Pregunta de Eva Sòria Puig

Eva Sòria Puig

5:20 PM

4

Hello from Barcelona and thank you very much for organizing this !

Pregunta de Jorge Sánchez-Tarazaga

Jorge Sánchez-Tarazaga

5:20 PM

1

Thank you for organising this event.

Pregunta de Michael Birnhack

Michael Birnhack

5:20 PM

2

Good evening from Tel Aviv!

Pregunta de Esther

Esther

5:22 PM

2

Hello from Mexico

Pregunta de Michael Birnhack

Michael Birnhack

5:22 PM

1

Good evening from Tel Aviv!

Pregunta de Virginia

Virginia

5:22 PM

1

this new technology raises serious data protection issues at least in Europe

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

5:22 PM

3

Do you think that the crisis will speed up the adoption of AI and robotics in the industry?

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:29 PM

Most certainly.

Pregunta de Irene

Irene

5:22 PM

2

Hi to everyone :)

Pregunta de Beatriz Bugallo, from Uruguay

Beatriz Bugallo, from Uruguay

5:22 PM

5

Very interesting, thank you for the organization!

Pregunta de Pablo Velasco

Pablo Velasco

5:23 PM

2

Hi from Colombia

Pregunta de Guillermo Palao

Guillermo Palao

5:25 PM

1

Hi from Valencia. Congrats for the organization!

Pregunta de Virginia

Virginia

5:25 PM

excellent food for thought

Pregunta de Moderador

Moderador

5:26 PM

34

Can everyone see Jane's whiteboard well?

Pregunta de Aline Larroyed

Aline Larroyed

5:27 PM

Excellent event! Thank you for the organization!

Pregunta de Janice Denoncourt

Janice Denoncourt

5:30 PM

2

Hello from Nottingham, UK !

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

5:30 PM

I see the entire white board as well as Prof Ginsburg

Pregunta de Tian Lu

Tian Lu

5:30 PM

Excellent event, thanks!

Pregunta de Carola Ricci

Carola Ricci

5:30 PM

I see all the board, thank you from Milan

Pregunta de Virginia

Virginia

5:30 PM

we see all

Pregunta de Mike

Mike

5:30 PM

I can see the whole whiteboard and the presenter.

Pregunta de Tian Lu

Tian Lu

5:31 PM

3

Hello from Den Haag :D

Pregunta de Moderador

Moderador

5:31 PM

21

The Encounter is recorded, and it will be offered to all of you registered

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

5:31 PM

Thank you for the event

Pregunta de Eugenio

Eugenio

5:33 PM

2

Covid-19, Artificial Intelligence (AI), and AI as "inventor" of potentially life-changing inventions with global impact. How can the IP system harmonise and evolve as to whether a "non-person" can be the "inventor"?

Pregunta de Sergio Miralles

Sergio Miralles

5:33 PM

4

Is digital content distribution causing a sort of tsunami that the traditional IP legal framework cannot cope with? Shouldn't we limit IP subject matter to very high creative works and leave the rest to unfair competition or antitrust?...for the sake of effectiveness and credibility of IPRs...

Pregunta de Malcolm

Malcolm

5:33 PM

3

This raises again and puts into terrible context the issue of private rights v. public/society needs (public/private interest balance). Patent rights (with 20 year term) seem totally contradictory with the immediate urgent needs for dealing with this type of emergency. Hurrah to those opening up their inventions and contributions to solving the current crisis!

Pregunta de Cristina

Cristina

5:33 PM

1

how affect digital museums to copyright?

Pregunta de Martin Hermida from Uruguay

Martin Hermida from Uruguay

5:33 PM

I have one question to professor Anselm. In which way do you believe 3D Printing will impact in design laws? In this sense, do you believe that 3D Printing will be protected in future? Open sources will be banned? Thanks

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:36 PM

Open source will continue to be around, but there will be increasing questions on where the boundary between industrial property and copyright will be. Who will be liable is the 'elephant in the room'.

Pregunta de Giacomo Bertelli

Giacomo Bertelli

5:33 PM

1

Hello from Genoa, Italy. Thank you for the invitation

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:51 PM

You are welcome, Giacomo!!

Pregunta de Ruth Soetendorp

Ruth Soetendorp

5:33 PM

2

Hello from suburban London

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:52 PM

Hello, Ruth!!! nice to see you

Pregunta de Alina Trapova

Alina Trapova

5:33 PM

5

Very interesting point re entertainment - not just classic streaming industries such as film and music, but also theatre. Many theatres are now live-streaming their performances, which can also bring in a lot of royalty-related questions and IP

Pregunta de Moderador

Moderador

5:34 PM

3

From Alejandro Mullins: my question might be related to compulsory licenses and the patent relates to the vaccine for the virus or different therapies related to, I've heard that countries like Canada, Chile and Germany have implemented the compulsory licenses to all applications related to them, but is there any decision made by the EPO or the US Office? In the speakers opinion, where the balance should be established? In my opinion instead of compulsory licenses, wouldn't be a good response from governments to only establish maximum prices to the vaccines? Thanks a lot.

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:40 PM

German patent law has indeed been amended recently to accommodate compulsory licensing a bit more liberally than before. However, compulsory licenses have as such not been issued (yet). The big question in relation to compulsory licensing of pharmaceuticals is whether there is a veritable alternative producer. In chemistry this is easier than in biologics. This means that the token threat of compulsory licensing and the loss of reputation is often more effective.

Pregunta de Donal O'Connell

Donal O'Connell

5:36 PM

3

Really pleased that Prof Ginsburg has explained that open source is an IP model and depends on IP to work properly.

Pregunta de Miguel

Miguel

5:36 PM

Mr Kampelmann seems to support an approach to limiting private initiative in the future. I don't know of any example where public leadership has created any wealth or progress. This is the problem of the European approach, with growing interventionism over 'laissez faire'. I don't believe that any of the initiatives mentioned may bring more than increased bureaucracy. Just invest in quicker justice and let the rest to the people (not the governments!) The laws are already in place, the challenge is to enforce them timely.

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:43 PM

That was not what I was saying. I just note that public-private partnerships, especially in healthcare, are the way -also now- for drug development. Drug development and clinical testing require regulatory checks by neutral government bodies.

Pregunta de Anónimo

Anónimo

5:36 PM

hello from barcelona!

Pregunta de Haris Hasić

Haris Hasić

5:36 PM

2

@Sergio Miralles - how would we identify what makes "high" creative works? Would this not erode the principle of aesthetic neutrality? Especially given the length of copyright duration and the rapid change of the concept of "high" "art"?

Pregunta de Peter van Dongen

Peter van Dongen

5:36 PM

Can compulsory licensing be claimed or enforced by a global organization? If so which one

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:44 PM

Interesting question. I would love to see more coordination among EU member states, but it is still a sovereign national decision.

Pregunta de Cristina Manasse

Cristina Manasse

5:38 PM

1

Do you think that the crisis will force museums to keep free access to collections or oblige them to adopt a sort of "freemium" procedure (part free, part payment)?

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

5:38 PM

Governments around the world are taking steps to ensure that they can override patents and issue compulsory licenses for COVID-19 related treatments, vaccines, and tools. For example, Canada's recent COVID-19 bill authorizes the government to make and use patented inventions as needed in fighting the pandemic. However, on the other hand, in the US I understand they are considering giving 10 extra years of patent rights (on top of the usual 20 years) to any "new or existing pharmaceutical, medical device, or other process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter." Do you think this "clash of approaches" may impact the credibility of patent protection?

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:48 PM

Credible patent protection can only be framed in the context of national economies and their legal framework. Supplementary protection certificates may serve a purpose if counterbalanced by clear regulatory approval paths that allow bioequivalent drugs produced by generic manufacturers to enter the market quickly.

Pregunta de Owais Shaikh

Owais Shaikh

5:38 PM

2

Hello from Karachi, Pakistan :)

Pregunta de Luis-Alfonso Durán

Luis-Alfonso Durán

5:38 PM

1

Inventions are always made by somebody and belong to the inventor. Even when the inventor is a civil servant paid with public money that money is collected from tax payers from a particular country or region and the benefits from the exploitation of these inventions should revert to the tax payers of the respective country or region. This is the only way to foster and stimulate innovation. We have seen the economic failure of the former Soviet Union that did not accept patents and that a communist country that is economically successful, China has finally incorporated and is making an increasing use of patents to protect technology. So I do not believe that the patent system should be challenged at all. There are sufficient legal means to ensure that products needed in exceptional situations are available at reasonable cost.

Pregunta de Patricia Riera-Barsallo

Patricia Riera-Barsallo

5:38 PM

1

During the pandemic a lot of creators are giving their works for free. How this strategy affects the social perception of the cost/value of IP / culture in general?

Pregunta de Athena

Athena

5:38 PM

Governments around the world are taking steps to ensure that they can override patents and issue compulsory licenses for COVID-19 related treatments, vaccines, and tools. For example, Canada's recent COVID-19 bill authorizes the government to make and use patented inventions as needed in fighting the pandemic. However, on the other hand, in the US I understand they are considering giving 10 extra years of patent rights (on top of the usual 20 years) to any "new or existing pharmaceutical, medical device, or other process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter." Do you think this "clash of approaches" may impact the credibility of patent protection?

Pregunta de Gerardo

Gerardo

5:38 PM

Excellent and very provocative approach

Pregunta de Da Sol

Da Sol

5:39 PM

1

Hello from Florence and thank you for the invitation!

Pregunta de Moderador

Moderador

5:40 PM

From Magali: My question is related to private partnerships. It was indeed mentioned the relevance of private partnership as a way to find solutions. On the other hand, we have seen that partnerships are a growing phenomenon in the healthcare field, regardless of the geographical boundaries. How Intellectual Property could incentive the development of these partnerships, especially in relation to AI where there is no legal/regulatory global approach?

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:50 PM

AI will be more and more relevant, but with AoT and especially AIoT (edge computing), users who shape AI to their needs will wish to claim a form of co-creation.

Pregunta de Sergio Miralles

Sergio Miralles

5:41 PM

2

@Hasis, I mean eg excluding functional works from copyright and keeping very high standards for patent protection.

Pregunta de Cecilia Canova

Cecilia Canova

5:41 PM

2

Hello from Turin! Thank you for the useful insights!

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:53 PM

Welcome, Cecilia!!!

Pregunta de Rubén Cano

Rubén Cano

5:43 PM

3

Hi everyone! Thanks to the speakers and all of you for your amazing and enlightening presentations. I have a question regarding copyright (and database) protection, directed in principle to Prof. Ginsburg but please I would like to have everyone's view. The question is related to the 'text and data mining (TDM) exception' introduced by arts. 3 and 4 of the 'new' Directive (UE) 2019/790 on copyright, that should be implemented into local legislation in the following months. Correct me from wrong but, to my knowledge, in the US it could be argued that there is already some flexibility to this regard under the fair use doctrine, what are your views in this regard? Do you think the purpose of the regulation to be implemented in the EU (Copyright Directive), allegedly promoting digital industries in need of vast amounts of data, was properly captured? What could be the pros and cons for the industry and the statu quo?

Pregunta de Tian Lu

Tian Lu

5:44 PM

1

Indeed major challenge!

Pregunta de Giulia Bandera

Giulia Bandera

5:45 PM

Hello from Milan! Thank you all for these insights, it's food for thought

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:53 PM

Thanks to you Giulia

Pregunta de Sergio Miralles

Sergio Miralles

5:45 PM

@Haris, the idea is to be cautious about granting monopolies to heavy data/information creations of a functional matter. In my view open data and source is the way to innovation in the near future.

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

5:45 PM

IP seems to increase skewness of distribution, that is Few having a lot. Should we relook into the whole property/patent system which enhances Strategic behaviour and favours the BIG?

Pregunta de Ron Marchant

Ron Marchant

5:46 PM

More a thought than a question, perhaps the question is more how can we redesign the IP system to fit the new economic and social models likely to emerge. The IP system has served to support the prevailing economic and social model. Supporting the power of the ruler to reward innovators, supporting innovators within a free market, and state support for innovators in command economies. The system has to be remodelled as society changes and this is something countries in transition from command to market economies are tuning their IP systems accordingly. One thing appears to me is that the core concepts behind IP seem to underlie the details of the legal systems. can we build on that

the facilitate the transition to whatever we choose to create after thgis crisis, not forgetting the climatecrisis and the crisis of underdevelopment and inequality that the world faces. We start with our humanity I believe. What sort of relationships between humans do we want. Human ingneuity and technolgy will help us create viable models. It must involve individuals in society and individuals in legal entities. Perhaps the concepts of public/private will blur. Issues: how do we share income from jouint enterprises? what does automation entail in terms of income for thos who cant be in what we currently call employment? if we choose to live in greater isolation then specific sectors will benefit and have little or no staff costs and great profit (seee situation today), why should society endorse such a balance? If we adopt some form of UBI then how do we fund it? Who pays taxes and how are those taxes paid? I think we can model an IP system which would support models to address thes issue and IP experts need to work with other poilcy makers to put this together with maximum discussion and flexibiity. I say flexibility because I am sure we cannot stay within current paradigms. AI and patenting is only a problem because we make it so. It would be a non issue under other other .

Pregunta de Barrou

Barrou

5:46 PM

2

EPO refused patents applications for naming A MACHINE as an inventor: <https://www.epo.org/news-issues/news/2020/20200128.html>

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:54 PM

indeed, this is what I mentioned. Thank you for the link.

Pregunta de Durva

Durva

5:46 PM

2

Question : if CAD files are provided as open source : A. Can you still protect them under copyright/design/patent? Can you enforce your rights in such situations when the user improves the design (CAD files) ?

Pregunta de Athena

Athena

5:46 PM

In terms of works/inventions created by AI, would the current approach when the inventions/works created by a computer (under commands of the user) be sufficient?

Pregunta de Roger

Roger

5:46 PM

3

Assuming that we aim for a balanced discussion, before putting the IP system in its entirety in question or focusing on exceptions and limitations, would it be more constructive to also recognize the positive contributions and collaborative efforts that we have witnessed since the beginning of the pandemic, based on the voluntary sharing of IPRs, such as permissive licences to use protected technologies to treat COVID-19, etc.

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:57 PM

Sure, that is what we have seen. A surge in creativity in times of crisis. The irony is that the artists are somehow supposed to give their art away for free, where tech firms seems to be able to enforce their rights.

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

5:48 PM

Hello from Munich, fantastic discussion..

Pregunta de Malcolm

Malcolm

5:48 PM

When interactions are becoming purely digital, it seems that to preserve the access to culture, the the freedom of museums to exhibit works at the museums (copyright exceptions) should be replicated (expanded) to cover online access, dissemination and study, for virtual visits, remote investigation, etc.

Pregunta de Giulia Tagliaferri

Giulia Tagliaferri

5:49 PM

1

Hello from Florence, Italy! Thank you for this precious opportunity

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:49 PM

thank you to be with us, Giulia!!!

Pregunta de Gerardo

Gerardo

5:49 PM

Is the EU prepared from the point of view of flexibility and governance to cope with the immediate ip challenges? What changes should be faced?

Pregunta de Andrés Ruiz de Zárate

Andrés Ruiz de Zárate

5:49 PM

1

Hello all. I have 2 questions. First: Do you think protection period of IP rights should be reviewed? Second: What will be the effect of Oracle vs Google US case in the development software business?

Pregunta de Alina Trapova

Alina Trapova

5:50 PM

9

This may be of interest: the European Parliament on 24 April 2020 issued this draft report on IPR for the development of AI technologies (2020/2015(INI)), JURI Committee EP, (Rapporteur: Stéphane Séjourné), 24.4.2020 - https://www.europarl.europa.eu/doceo/document/JURI-PR-650527_EN.html?redirectI

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

5:50 PM

indeed I pre-alerted on this: GREAT!!!

Pregunta de Haris Hasić

Haris Hasić

5:50 PM

@Sergio - We are in principle in agreement and I do agree with you that functional works have little reason to be in ©. However given the ridiculously low threshold for copyright protection that is the norm now in Continental law tradition (one word can be potentially copyright protected as per Infopaq) I feel that it would be difficult to implement without a paradigmatic shift.

Pregunta de Avelina

Avelina

5:52 PM

1

What challenges will developing countries, will be the most affected by the pandemic, face regarding IP and regulatory systems changes, in order to assure access to new technologies, vaccines and medicines.

Pregunta de Carolina Belmar

Carolina Belmar

5:52 PM

1

To all speakers: As we are facing a global issue and even when IP is probably one of the most standardized legal matters around the world through international treaties, it seems that harmonized answers should guarantee access to knowledge at least for purposes of learning/teaching and for conducting research. For the time being we have seen philanthropic actions by rightholders, but is that enough?

Pregunta de Moisés R

Moisés R

5:53 PM

1

In this context, is there other way to music creator to receive royalties, besides streaming platforms like netflix or spotify?

Pregunta de Ana Nomen

Ana Nomen

5:54 PM

Following with great interest by a Spanish lawyer now in Mexico City!

Pregunta de Moisés R

Moisés R

5:54 PM

music creators can't play in concert nowadays

Pregunta de Moisés R

Moisés R

5:55 PM

how applies adpic in the cure, for example art 30 or 31?

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

5:55 PM

1

@Anselm: I think the question should not be how the crisis questions the benefit of the IP system but how IP can help in developing drugs and vaccines necessary? or in other words how developers of these items urgently needed can be rewarded fairly with the help of IP. What's your view on this?

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:05 PM

IP allows for licensing. It is a bridge for technology transfer in a competitive market. This is the enduring value of IP.

Pregunta de Anónimo

Anónimo

5:56 PM

Hello from Canada

Pregunta de Durva

Durva

5:57 PM

1

Drawing parallel to pharmaceuticals: Do you foresee compulsory licensing being introduced in the field of 3D printing if it solves the problems of the supply chain? Would its enforcement be justified?

Pregunta de Durva

Durva

5:58 PM

For Anselm

Pregunta de Roberto

Roberto

5:58 PM

A question for Prof. Manderieux: how do you see

Pregunta de Donal O'Connell

Donal O'Connell

5:58 PM

Pre-pandemic we saw some IP trends emerge ... patent reform weakening the patent system; increase trade secret legislation; the growth of open source software; IP being key provisions in trade agreements; ... do the presenters expect these trends to gather pace post-pandemic or not.

Pregunta de Anónimo

Anónimo

5:58 PM

1

In Mexico there is a new bill to amend the Copyright law to regulate the payment of a remuneration for private copy. Do you believe it is now the right moment to adopt this figure? Is this figure really working in other countries to help in the remuneration of creators vs increasing the cost of products which can reproduce a work?

Pregunta de Karina Müller

Karina Müller

5:59 PM

5

I suggest an entire webinar only about pharmaceutical patents vs compulsory license vs access to medicines and limits of IP in these situations. very good opportunity to explore the principles of the TRIPS agreement.

Pregunta de jeanine rizzo

jeanine rizzo

5:59 PM

hello to all from Malta! just a comment: With regard to copyright we are now seeing a shift from the more traditional use of content to newer and purely online uses (which would not have been contemplated before). it is an awakening for most industry stakeholders to reconsider new forms of licensing in an environment when identifying the rights-holder may be murky.

Pregunta de Loreto

Loreto

5:59 PM

Hi from Madrid

Pregunta de Diana Wade

Diana Wade

6:00 PM

2

It would be great to discuss IP, technology, and international trade during and post-crisis in another encounter

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:00 PM

Yes Diana, It's in the agenda

Pregunta de Angela Lupone

Angela Lupone

6:00 PM

Anselm I agree with You. Compulsory licensing ist not a Panacea. And also: European Union would get more proceeding all in one and the same and one direction.

Pregunta de Concepción Saiz (Spain)

Concepción Saiz (Spain)

6:01 PM

Thank your very much for organizing this event! Happy to see you so close!!! :)

Pregunta de MONICA LASTIRI SANTIAGO

MONICA LASTIRI SANTIAGO

6:02 PM

Thank you! Great Event

Pregunta de Maria Chiara Muti

Maria Chiara Muti

6:02 PM

1

Hi from London

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

6:03 PM

1

Practical question for all of the speakers: what do you think will be the most important and typical issues caused by the pandemic to license agreements (for both licensors and licensees)?

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:10 PM

Difficult to say. The nation state is back, and the reality is that we have retreated behind national borders. The big question will be whether in the post-pandemic environment globalisation will be 'dead', or whether there will still be a willingness for finding multilateral solutions.

Pregunta de Sergio Miralles

Sergio Miralles

6:03 PM

Probably delevoping countries can play an important role providing massive data to e-modeling. The point is for the developing world to be fair.

Pregunta de Loreto

Loreto

6:03 PM

1

Thank you Manuel, and all the speakers!

Pregunta de Sönke Lund

Sönke Lund

6:04 PM

Thank you very much indeed for putting this together! Very interesting presentations and a lot of food for thoughts for all of us.

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

6:05 PM

Very glad that Prof. Ginsburg highlighted potential for open-source systems to gain greater significance in a post-COVID world. I would like to know the panel's opinion on whether the present crisis could also provide an impetus to more collaborative and shared models of innovation (mainly through digital networks) and to shared models of exploiting and enjoying intellectual content. A more inclusive as opposed to exclusive model that is built on commons-based governance frameworks?

Pregunta de Ulrika Wennersten

Ulrika Wennersten

6:05 PM

4

Thank you for a great event! Very much needed now. I suggest a webinar on IP and entertainment and another on IP an access to knowledge. I would also suggest 90 minutes.

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:19 PM

thank you Ulrika: for sure we should

Pregunta de Sergio Miralles

Sergio Miralles

6:05 PM

Thanks very much for organising this great session ;

Pregunta de Andrés Ruiz de Zárate

Andrés Ruiz de Zárate

6:06 PM

Thank you for the organization

Pregunta de Giuseppe Mazziotti

Giuseppe Mazziotti

6:06 PM

3

Do not you think that so much emphasis on artificial intelligence in acquisition and exploitation of intellectual property is de-humanising the debate in this field, too much? At least in the creative industries, it is very unlikely that the best works will come from robots or machines in the foreseeable future. We care so much about this aspect, without caring much on preserving the opportunities of individual creators (persons!) to be fairly remunerated for the work they disseminate online, especially during the Covid-19 pandemic. Isn't this platform-based free economy (free or almost free to the benefit of platforms) bringing us to the demise on IP and to a triumph of Terms of Service and buy-out contracts? Europe, US and China seem to be on very different fronts. Thank you for organising this event!

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:21 PM

I share your pproach. IWe should discuss more, Giusepper.

Pregunta de Manuel Sánchez

Manuel Sánchez

6:07 PM

2

Hello from Cullera, València ! In my opinion AI , algorithms and their creations should belong for trade secret and know how protection; and never in any case (in reference to the stated Chinese Court sentence), any copyrighted work made by a computer should be protected. If an AI can, for example, create thousands of songs, draws, histories in minutes, hours, are you going to allow it to protect these works? It can kill all the artistic creations made by humans!

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:11 PM

AI and code is not so much the issue indeed. It is the 'weights' that define the AI and this is trade secret.

Pregunta de David Liern

David Liern

6:07 PM

Thank you all very much. This was really interesting, and I hope to be able to follow the rest of the Global Digital Encounters. Warm greetings from Spain. Stay safe!

Pregunta de Janice Denoncourt

Janice Denoncourt

6:07 PM

With regard to the FAANGs and there business models, their IP monopolies have contributed to their global success, however, they are buying up start ups and inhibiting competition so there will likely be more of a counterbalance from the competition law domain to counteract dominant MNCs on new technologies.

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:18 PM

Competition authorities are looking into this. It will be important for IP specialists to work with competition lawyers to find an appropriate balance. Early signs in the EU are quite interesting. See the AI white paper, etc.

Pregunta de Haris Hasić

Haris Hasić

6:07 PM

I fully agree with Ulrika

Pregunta de javier guillem

javier guillem

6:08 PM

1

thanks a lot, you are outstanding minds

Pregunta de Cristina Manasse

Cristina Manasse

6:08 PM

Thank you so much for the interesting encounter, many thoughts now on future of IP laws.

Pregunta de Barrou

Barrou

6:11 PM

Thanks a lot for this very interesting conference. Great.

Pregunta de Barrou

Barrou

6:11 PM

A question to Manuel and the panelists: If today, an innovator develops a solution for solving an urgent issue related to the new "now", what is the chance that IP systems are effectively going to provide adequate support, in time, for allowing technology transfers to happen quickly? In other words, would it be possible to accelerate the innovation cycle through a public market place for innovators and ensure them with a real-time rewarding system?

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:13 PM

Yes, this is why we need a global fund that if and when a vaccine arrives, there can be a buy-out and ramping up of production of such a vaccine. It would be best if the most in need are served first.

Pregunta de Virginia

Virginia

6:12 PM

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Barrou the answer to your question is NO

Pregunta de Alicia Arroyo

Alicia Arroyo

6:12 PM

Many thanks to all the speakers for opening up new - and revisited - perspectives in this already new paradigm.

Pregunta de Angela Lupone

Angela Lupone

6:12 PM

Yes Laurent. I know I agree with you. Balance of private and public rights reaffirmed in not specific laws. Great event. Thank you. Nice to meet Manuel.

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:22 PM

Thank you, Angela, for your inspiration in working over all the years

Pregunta de Joe Sekhon

Joe Sekhon

6:13 PM

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A fantastic and thought provoking session; thank you!

Pregunta de I can see the entire board

I can see the entire board

6:13 PM

Thanks for this great presentation. Looking forward to the next one.

Pregunta de Gerardo

Gerardo

6:13 PM

Congrats. Fantastic speakers

Pregunta de Tamar Khuchua

Tamar Khuchua

6:13 PM

Thank you!

Pregunta de Virginia

Virginia

6:14 PM

3

Excellent ! thank you! let's have other seminars like this

Pregunta de Gerardo

Gerardo

6:14 PM

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Please publish the conference at a Youtube Channel!!!!

Pregunta de Juanjo Ríos from Madrid, Spain

Juanjo Ríos from Madrid, Spain

6:14 PM

Here is my question: regarding IP concerning media and information on-line, the importance of true information appears to be crucial in these times of pandemic. Providing accurate information of all kind to citizens (i.e. healthy, politics, recommendations to avoid Covid spreading, etc.). Do you find a good idea to create international non-dependant boards of experts, trying to identify fake news and with power enough to withdraw innaccurate information from media and social networks?

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:15 PM

Better than the Facebook-only solution. Still, not a real IP issue.

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

6:14 PM

Thank you from Asunción, Paraguay

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

6:15 PM

Here is my question: regarding IP concerning media and information on-line, the importance of true information appears to be crucial in these times of pandemic. Providing accurate information of all kind to citizens (i.e. healthy, politics, recommendations to avoid Covid spreading, etc.). Do you find a good idea to create international non-dependant boards of experts, trying to identify fake news and with power enough to withdraw innacurate information from media and social networks?

Pregunta de Paolo Guarda

Paolo Guarda

6:15 PM

Thank you! very interesting event!

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:23 PM

Thank you Paolo

Pregunta de Alfonso Bayona

Alfonso Bayona

6:15 PM

Amazing speakers and organization! Really look forward to participating in next encounters!

Pregunta de Vito Pati

Vito Pati

6:15 PM

Many thanks to all the panelists and to Manuel for this very stimulating debate!

Pregunta de Michael Birnhack

Michael Birnhack

6:15 PM

Well done, thanks!

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:24 PM

It was great to see you

Pregunta de Alice Garlisi

Alice Garlisi

6:16 PM

Thank you very much for the interesting IP encounter! Looking forward to attend further more in the future

Pregunta de Maria Alejandra

Maria Alejandra

6:16 PM

Excellent! Thank you very much! These events are really needed. Greetings from Colombia!

Pregunta de Anónimo

Anónimo

6:16 PM

Thanks. Looking forward to the next one

Pregunta de Diana Wade

Diana Wade

6:18 PM

Thank you! I am looking forward to the next encounter.

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:24 PM

Thank you Diana

Pregunta de Stefano Multineddu

Stefano Multineddu

6:18 PM

Thanks a lot!

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:25 PM

You are welcome

Pregunta de Cristina

Cristina

6:18 PM

Thank you so much! An exceptional presentation

Pregunta de Octavio Espinosa

Octavio Espinosa

6:18 PM

Thanks to Anselm for his views on compulsory licenses (CL). CL do not make sense if competitors cannot reproduce patented biologicals that are pharmaceutical products. But then, could such products be patented in the first place? If a product cannot be reproduced, in principle it cannot be patented, right?

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:19 PM

Another discussion, but yes, the issue of patentability and patent quality is a pertinent one.

Pregunta de Isabella Pimentel

Isabella Pimentel

6:18 PM

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Brilliant debate! Thank you for inviting me!

respuesta de Moderador

Moderador

6:24 PM

You are welcome, Isabel!!!!

Pregunta de Athena

Athena

6:18 PM

Thank you!!!

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

6:18 PM

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Pregunta de Haris Hasić

Haris Hasić

6:18 PM

Thank you to the organizers and everyone for such a wonderful event!

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

6:19 PM

Thank you!

Pregunta de Simona-Inés Nitescu

Simona-Inés Nitescu

6:19 PM

Thank you so much for the interesting seminar! Looking forward to the next ones!

Pregunta de usuario anónimo

Anónimo

6:20 PM

Thanks !!

Pregunta de Virginia

Virginia

6:20 PM

i suggest as topics pndeamia and Ip offices and crisis and trade marks

Pregunta de Raquel Evangelio

Raquel Evangelio

6:21 PM

I

Thank you to the organizers, moderator and great speakers! I'm looking forward for the next encounter

Pregunta de Beatriz Bugallo, from Uruguay

Beatriz Bugallo, from Uruguay

6:21 PM

Thank you!